

## A Parody



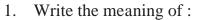
How doth the little crocodile Improve his shining tail; And pour the waters of the Nile On every golden scale!

How cheerfully he seems to grin, How neatly spreads his claws, And welcomes little fishes in, With gently smiling jaws!

- Lewis Carroll

\* \* \*

## **ENGLISH WORKSHOP**



- doth opening (in the context of the poem) cell
- 2. A parody is playful, comic imitation of a writer's style. A parody is like a verbal cartoon. Compare the original poem and its parody given on page 35 using the following points:

How doth the little busy bee (original)	How doth the little crocodile (parody)
Choice of subject (an animal)	
Number of lines and stanzas	
Same or similar constructions:	
Tone of the poem	

- 3. Answer the following questions and write in short, why the parody sounds funny.
  - (a) What does the bee stand for?
  - (b) What does the crocodile stand for?
  - (c) Why does the bee work hour after hour?
  - (d) Why does the crocodile work?
  - (e) Is the bee a gentle creature? Is the crocodile gentle?
- 4. **Describe** a crocodile **in your own words**. Which of the words and phrases in the poem will you use in a realistic description?

Put a tick mark against the ones you will use.

- little \_\_\_\_\_
  shining tail \_\_\_\_\_
  golden scale \_\_\_\_\_
  cheerful \_\_\_\_\_
  grin \_\_\_\_\_
  claws \_\_\_\_\_
  gently smiling \_\_\_\_\_
  jaws \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. Note that most of the times well-known works are parodied, because people can enjoy the parody better when they know the original. Try to find more examples of parodies in English or other languages.
- 6. What do you like better the original poem or the parody? Why?

36